

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

May 16, 1994

RECEIVED  
MAY 26 1994  
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20554

These comments are in response to FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operators, and MVPDs. (See Item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest levels of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions, people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also, the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

*Clara Kays*  
*2451 Matland*  
*Dallas, TX 75232*

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

*025*

May 16, 1994

RECEIVED  
MAY 26 1994  
FCC MAIL ROOM

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While *I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

Drenda J. Davis  
10030 Cayuga  
Dallas, TX 75228

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

045

May 16, 1994

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

RECEIVED

MAY 26 1994

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

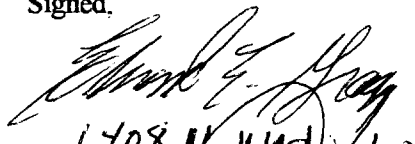
I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While *I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

  
1408 N. Washington  
DALLAS TX

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

645

May 16, 1994

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

RECEIVED

MAY 26 1994

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While *I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

Charlotte Oliphant  
2401 E. Randal Mill-SOC  
Arlington, TX,

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

0+5

May 16, 1994

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

RECEIVED

MAY 26 1994

FCC WASH DC

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While *I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

*Alvin J. Wright*

*P.O. Box 15024  
Dallas, Tx 75201*

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

*085*

May 16, 1994

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

RECEIVED  
MAY 26 1994  
FCC MAIL ROOM

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. *While I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

*Clayton Epton*  
*10030 Canyon St*  
*Dallas, Tx 75228*

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

*025*

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

RECEIVED - FCC

MAY 26 1994

FCC WASHINGTON, DC

May 16, 1994

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While *I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed, *David L. Williams*  
*10030 Canyon*  
*Dallas, TX 75228*

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

*045*

May 16, 1994

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

REC'D

MAY 21 1994

FCC

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While *I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

Annie J. Newman  
2540 Bahama Apt 522  
Dallas, Texas 75211

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

0+5



May 16, 1994

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

RECEIVED

MAY 26 1994

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While *I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

No. of Copies rec'd 025  
List ABCDE

*Jonathan A. Zeman*  
10050 CAYUGA  
Dls. JX 75228

May 16, 1994

RECEIVED Luther Jones  
2725 Madrid Dr.  
Garland, TX 75040  
MAY 26 1994  
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M. Street, N.W.  
Washington, D. C. 20554

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL  
DOCKET FILE COPY C

These comments are in response to the FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

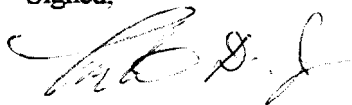
I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operations, and MVPDs. (See item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While *I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field* within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest level of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,



No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

045

May 16, 1994

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

MAY 26 1994

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20554

These comments are in response to FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operators, and MVPDs. (See Item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest levels of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions, people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also, the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

W. E. Gordon  
3818 Kollack  
Dallas, TX 75216

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

025

RECEIVED

DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

MAY 26 1994

FCC MAIL ROOM

May 16, 1994

Office of the Secretary  
Federal Communications Commission  
1919 M Street, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20554

These comments are in response to FCC Notice of Inquiry 94-103, MM Docket No. 94-34, adopted April 20, 1994 and released April 21, 1994 seeking comments on the effectiveness of the Commission's rules, procedures, policies, standards and guidelines in promoting equality of employment opportunity in the cable and broadcast industries, etc.

I appreciate the opportunity to comment on this NOI. As an employee of a major RBOC, fully expecting some form of the pending legislation to pass soon which will allow RBOCs and cable companies cross-ownership privileges, I am strongly in favor of expanding EEO policies to entities other than broadcasters, cable operators, and MVPDs. (See Item 39 of the NOI). As this item appropriately notes, the technology conversion will enable common carriers to provide services that compete with broadcast and cable services. While I am anxious for my company to have the freedom to compete in a level playing field within the telecommunications industry, I am also concerned that all employees may not enjoy the expanded opportunities such freedom will bring.

If the FCC conducted a study of the people of color at every level of management and craft positions in the RBOCs, cable TV companies, broadcast companies, independent telephone companies, and interexchange carriers - large and small - (and I hope the FCC or some other government entity does such a study), it would find a tremendous imbalance from the top levels of management to the lowest levels of management. People of color are heavily concentrated at the lowest management levels. In craft positions, people of color are not well represented in the highest paying positions. Also, the positions offering the most career growth, exposure, and development are not occupied by many people of color, especially African Americans.

The current reporting required from my company does not reflect employment or promotions by level or job classification. Hence, totals reported just do not tell the whole story.

The FCC should require of all common carriers and smaller companies what is required on the Form 395-A, referenced in item 8 of the NOI, of cable companies today - a full report on where each company stands at each level and job classification. Then, the FCC must closely scrutinize the reports in a timely manner and act accordingly. To do less would allow the current imbalances to continue.

Signed,

*Beatrice Jean Morris*  
2614 Pasteur Ave  
Apt D 102  
Dallas, Texas 75228

No. of Copies rec'd  
List ABCDE

025